### 4.6.20: Y5 Times Table Rock Stars



## Click here for link



## fluency

## Round decimals to the nearest

 whole number(this is the same as 'integer')

Now have a go at these examples using the same method

| $8.83=$ | $13.21=$ | $91.37=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $9.19=$ | $22.35=$ | $22.01=$ |
| $26.28=$ | $66.12=$ | $38.34=$ |
| $19.37=$ | $80.45=$ | $75.90=$ |

## Year 5 Week 1

# Lesson 4 - Subtract mixed numbers 

click here for video lesson

1) Complete the subtractions.

Use the bar models to help you.
a)

$\frac{15}{8}-\frac{1}{2}=\square$
b)


$$
1 \frac{7}{8}-\frac{3}{4}=\square
$$

(3) Complete the subtractions.
a) $3 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{5}{24}=\square$
d) $7 \frac{5}{6}-\frac{13}{24}=\square$
b) $3 \frac{3}{16}-\frac{1}{8}=\square$
e) $4 \frac{4}{9}-\frac{4}{27}=\square$

Answer in the text boxes
inserted
c) $2 \frac{5}{6}-\frac{2}{3}=\square$
f) $6 \frac{11}{12}-\frac{3}{4}=\square$
4) A jug contains $1 \frac{3}{5}$ litres of orange juice.

Eva pours $\frac{4}{15}$ litres into a glass.

How much orange juice is left in the jug?


Remember it is all about the denominator being the same!

There are $\square$ litres of orange juice left in the jug.

